

The 3-Port Coupler

Say we desire a **matched** and **lossless** 3-port Coupler. Such a device would have a scattering matrix :

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{13} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{23} \\ S_{31} & S_{32} & S_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Assuming the device is passive and made of simple (isotropic) materials, the device will be **reciprocal**, so that:

$$S_{21} = S_{12} \quad S_{31} = S_{13} \quad S_{23} = S_{32}$$

Likewise, if it is **matched**, we know that:

$$S_{11} = S_{22} = S_{33} = 0$$

As a result, a **lossless, reciprocal** coupler would have a scattering matrix of the form:

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & S_{21} & S_{31} \\ S_{21} & 0 & S_{32} \\ S_{31} & S_{32} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

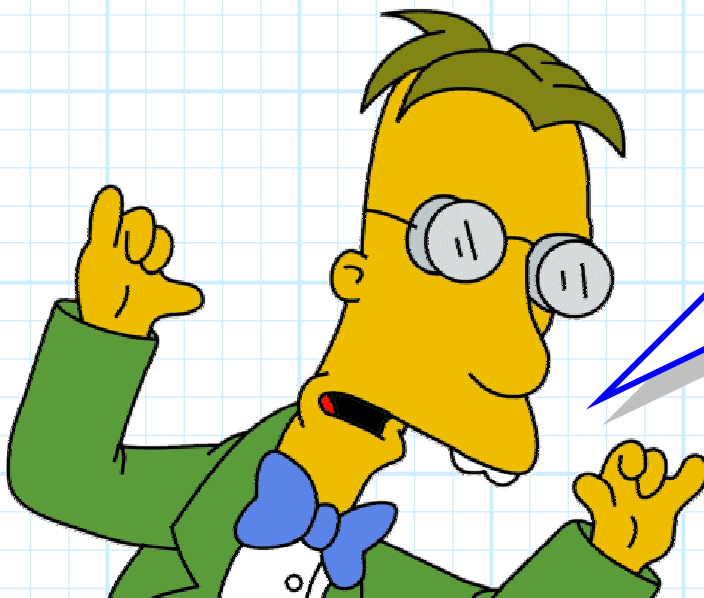
Just **3** non-zero scattering parameters define the **entire** matrix!

Likewise, if we wish for this coupler to be **lossless**, the scattering matrix must be **unitary**, and therefore:

$$\begin{aligned} |S_{21}|^2 + |S_{31}|^2 &= 1 & S_{31}^* S_{32} &= 0 \\ |S_{21}|^2 + |S_{32}|^2 &= 1 & S_{21}^* S_{32} &= 0 \\ |S_{31}|^2 + |S_{32}|^2 &= 1 & S_{21}^* S_{31} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Since each complex value S is represented by **two real numbers** (i.e., real and imaginary parts), the equations above result in **9** real equations. The problem is, the 3 complex values S_{21} , S_{31} and S_{32} are represented by only **6** real unknowns.

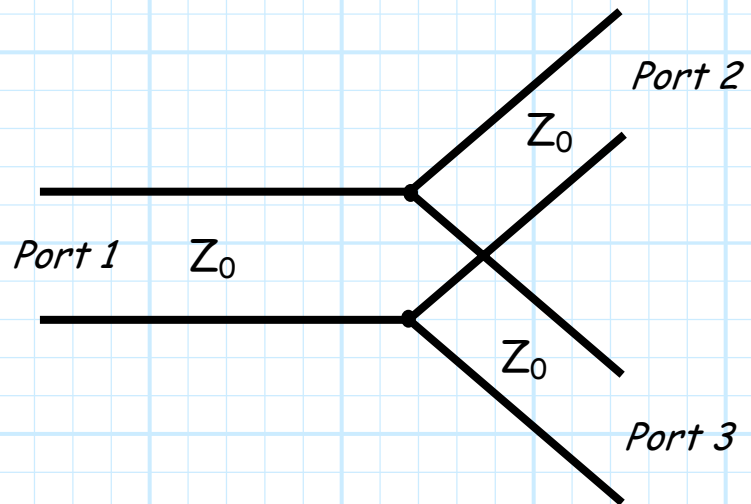
We have **over constrained** our problem! There are **no solutions** to these equations!



*As unlikely as it might seem, this means that a matched, lossless, reciprocal 3-port device of any kind is a **physical impossibility!***

For example, the following 3 port coupler is lossless, but not matched:

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}} = \begin{bmatrix} -1/3 & 2/3 & 2/3 \\ 2/3 & -1/3 & 2/3 \\ 2/3 & 2/3 & -1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$



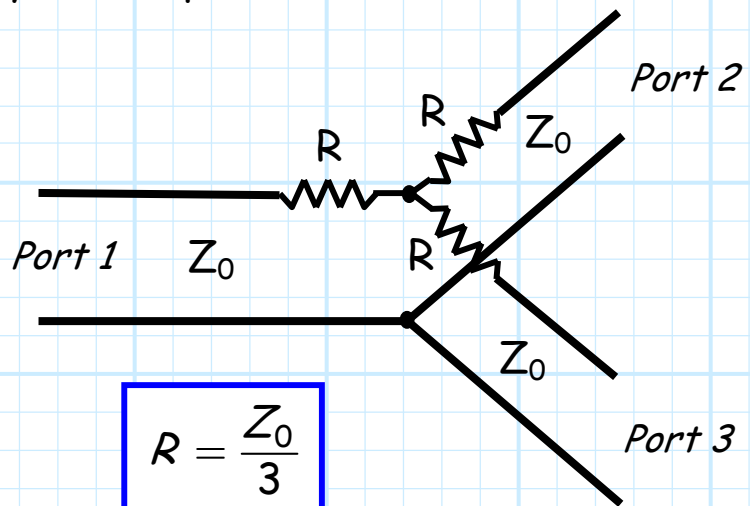
Since:

$$S_{11} = S_{22} = S_{33} = -1/3 \neq 0$$

the coupler is **not matched!** However, the matrix is unitary, and therefore this design is **lossless**.

Alternatively, we might try **this** 3-port device:

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3/5 & 3/5 \\ 3/5 & 0 & 3/5 \\ 3/5 & 3/5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



For this design, the ports **are matched!** However, the resistors make the device **lossy**:

$$|S_{11}|^2 + |S_{21}|^2 + |S_{31}|^2 = 0 + \frac{9}{25} + \frac{9}{25} = \frac{18}{25} < 1$$



*Oh sure, maybe you can make a lossless reciprocal 3-port coupler, or a matched reciprocal 3-port coupler, or even a matched, lossless (but non-reciprocal) 3-port coupler. But try as you might, you **cannot** make a lossless, matched, and reciprocal three port coupler!*